

Norwich Bulletin

and Courier.

113 YEARS OLD.

Subscription price, 12c a week; 50c a month; \$6.00 a year.

Entered at the Postoffice at Norwich, Conn., as second-class matter.

Telephone Calls:
Bulletin Business Office, 410.
Bulletin Editorial Rooms, 25-2.
Bulletin Job Office, 35-6.

Williams Office, Room 2, Murray Building, Telephone 210.

Norwich, Tuesday, Aug. 17, 1939.

The Circulation of The Bulletin.

The Bulletin has the largest circulation of any paper in Eastern Connecticut, and from three to four times larger than that of any in Norwich. It is delivered to over 3,000 of the 4,053 houses in Norwich, and read by ninety-three per cent of the people. In Winsted, it is delivered to over 800 houses, in Putnam and Danielson to over 1,100, and in all of these places it is considered the local daily.

Eastern Connecticut has forty-nine towns, one hundred and sixty-five post office districts and forty-one rural free delivery routes.

The Bulletin is sold in every town and on all of the R. F. D. routes in Eastern Connecticut.

CIRCULATION

1931, average	4,412
1935, average	5,920
1936, average	6,559
1937, average	7,179
1938, average	7,543
August 14	7,792

THE BULLETIN'S ILLUSTRATED BOOK.

It is not surprising that a great deal of interest is felt in the pictures which are to be a feature of the 25th anniversary Jubilee book—what they are to be and what they are to represent. Portraits of the officers and chairmen of committees and the guests of the city will number a score or two and there will be photographs of the decorated streets, the parade, the performances and objects of special interest. It is expected, with large about 50 pages. Where there are large assemblages of people the pictures will be made large enough to make the identification of citizens possible.

There are quite a number of these photographs which will be given a full page.

It is the purpose of The Bulletin to make this book so attractive that it will be in prompt demand when it appears in December for delivery.

The Bulletin has had submitted to it for examination about 200 photographs already, and expects to have others submitted.

The letterpress and the illustrations will represent the best part of the anniversary celebration, and the book will be priced for its accuracy and value by Norwich people everywhere.

Order books on the coupon to be found in The Bulletin's advertising columns.

PROSPERITY IN SIGHT.

The business world has found the peace that it yearned for and those who are now bent upon making the tariff a political issue will find that all the business interests of the country are against it. There is no greater impediment to business than the revision of a tariff—it is necessary a halt upon industry.

The country has not got to wait for the close of the hot season for evidence of industrial improvement, for the labor bureau of the New England states are beginning to show that more employers are calling for help and fewer workers are calling for peace.

A Boston paper points out the fact that "the greatest improvement in the number of persons applying to the offices for work, the number for July, 1939, having been 2,297, while a year ago it was 4,570, a decrease of 57.4 per cent. On the other hand, applications from employers for help numbered 1,572 this year, as against 1,333 the previous year, an increase of 17.9 per cent. The number of persons applied for by employers shows a gain of 8.4 per cent, the figures being 1,832 for July, 1939, and 1,740 for July, 1938.

The second largest percentage of improvement is shown in the number of positions offered by employers through the free employment offices, the number having been 3,484 last month, as compared with 2,797 a year ago. Another gain is shown in the number of positions actually filled as a result of application to the free employment offices, the figures being 1,287 for July, 1938, and 1,497 for July, 1939, an increase of 16.32 per cent.

There are general conditions in all parts of the state—their are the good promises for the future.

The new tariff bill is as satisfactory as it is possible to make one, and when business begins to hum it will be useless for any faction of the republican party to attempt to fool with it. Neither the business of the country nor the people will approve of it.

If the troops in Massachusetts haven't a navy in the fray, they have half a dozen balloons from which they can look to sea and from which observations of the enemy may be taken.

A western man sued for a divorce from his wife because she would not cook him a supper at midnight. He might have waited a minute and compromised by calling it breakfast.

We shall all remember Minister Wu's name, for most of us do it in our fresh and fearless days.

A general strike in any city does not add to its good name, or make it any more attractive.

ADVANCING MERCHANT MARINE.

It is apparent enough that the American marine cannot be revived without the pecuniary aid of the government. The great Speerlees and Hill lines of transport on the Pacific have had to be abandoned because they cannot compete with the subsidized ships of other countries.

Last year James J. Hill announced that no steamer would be built to replace the one built at Groton on the Thames, and lost off Japan to the Great Northern. E. H. Harriman, president of the Pacific Mail Steamship company, said the construction of American merchant vessels was "mere patriotic sentiment." The Speerlees line to Australia and New Zealand was abandoned.

Those who do not believe in government subsidies or their effectiveness will find it difficult to brush aside facts like these.

Ten years ago the mercantile marine of Japan was one-half of one per cent of the world's total tonnage. Today it is three per cent. Japan has been generous in voting subsidies. Six years ago the tonnage of Japanese vessels flying between ports of Japan and Vladivostok was 7,500, of German vessels, 8,000. Now, the Japanese tonnage is \$3,145, and the German, 25,000.

There can be no question that Japan has found that subsidies for ocean carriers pay.

CENSUS TAKING UPON PERMANENT BASIS.

The preparation for taking the national census is the most important public affair and is exciting intense interest all over the country. The president is moving carefully and his determination to obliterate if possible all politics will find favor with the people regardless of party lines.

Commenting upon past unreliable methods of taking the census the Boston Transcript says:

"It is a pity that the Massachusetts system of census taking cannot be made applicable to the entire union. While for the country three hundred and thirty supervisors are provided by law, or practically one for each congressional district, Massachusetts, with its fourteen districts, gets along with one supervisor—to a material saving for the government—and what is still more important, our state's office facilities, headquarters, past records for comparative purposes, and other well-oiled machinery of census taking, are all in readiness for the federal enumeration. Although the census office in Washington has been made permanent, so far as headquarters and tabulation plant are concerned, only in Massachusetts has the machinery of enumeration also, through agencies of the commonwealth, been put upon an equally permanent basis."

Connecticut, like Rhode Island and Massachusetts, will get along with only one supervisor instead of having one for each congressional district and it is probable that the time will come when her bureau of statistics will be looked to as are the statistical bureaus of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, as the dependable agent to accurately conduct this service for the government.

WHY CALLED HOME.

The recall of the Chinese minister, Wang-fang, has created an interest in the possible cause of this sudden withdrawal of him. It is not under a cloud that he departs this time; it is suspected that it is because he is needed at home to meet the Japanese diplomats acting to conduct for China the Manchurian issues with Japan, a service for which he is well equipped. It is alleged that Japan not only has broken her promise to withdraw troops which were left in Manchuria at the close of the war with Russia, but she is accused of pouring new forces into the region on the pretence of their being railroad guards.

China is right in objecting to her territory being used as an armed camp by the Japanese. China has nothing to gain and much to lose in the event of Japan and Russia resuming hostilities in the far east, as they are sure to do some day. The Japanese are not likely to quit Manchuria until China obtains sufficient backing by the other nations to enable her to support Chinese rights with force, if necessary.

Japan should so conduct herself as to prevent a combination of China and Russia against her. That might be too much.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Chill has decided to build two Dreadnoughts, just to be in fashion. A fleet of airships might serve her better.

Business can no longer be said to be prostrate. It is up and doing, and the head of the industrial parade has started.

It is given out that Judge Alton B. Parker does not like the tariff bill. No one expected that it would suit him, or Bryan.

The baseball fan is always pleased when he looks at the foot of the list for his favorites and finds them climbing toward the top.

Champion Johnson and Booker Washington have met. They are both giants, Johnson physically, and Washington physically and mentally.

Happy thought for today: The family tree does not appear in the lumber reports, but the rattan, shingle and lath are all mixed up with it.

Last Friday was the 13th of August, and the racers on that day made several new records, which was unlucky for horses that cannot get there.

Down in prohibition Maine they can prosecute a liquor seller at the first offence under five indictments and fine him \$350.01. Oh, that fraction of a dollar!

A Chicago girl was fined \$7.50 for hugging a motorman. That judge certainly showed the best of judgment, while the girl showed the worst of taste.

A Kansas justice has decided that "By Chowder!" is not profanity in the eyes of the law. It isn't in Rhode Island, where it is a by-product of the clam bake.

If anybody holds the lawn mower record it has to be the head of the house, for no boy ever gets interested enough in it to try to get the championship.

"R." asks us: "What nobler could a mother do than defend her son?" It would be better for Mrs. Shaw to ask for the restraint of her crazy son than for his freedom!

Harry Thaw must think now that

THE BULLETIN'S DAILY STORY

SWEETHEART

"I'm very sorry, Mabelle, but it will be necessary to have my mother, after she's married, for you know she has always called herself my sweetheart ever since father died. It would break her heart to be parted from me now, as much as I love you, you must not come between us."

"I won't play second fiddle to anyone. I like your mother, but I just know how it would be. There wouldn't be anything between us and your mother wouldn't be all right and all around and I couldn't stand the wear and tear on my nerves to think the man I married thought more of his mother than of his wife. Here, take the ring, give it to some other girl, or better still, give it to your sweetheart." With a bitter smile she turned and left the room.

After a pause he arose from his chair, and in a dazed manner stumbled from the room. He was a large, loose-built man, rather awkward in his manner, but a face that was kind and gentle with a certain amount of good looks, though his chin was somewhat weak.

Going directly home he was greeted in the hall by his mother.

"Where were you, Henry?" No answer. "Still worried you've been with Mabelle Acton again tonight. She's the only one that keeps you out late at night. It's good for your health. Oh, dear! In a querulous tone, 'I wish you'd never seen her.'"

"Don't worry, sweetheart, I shan't see her. Nothing is ever going to come between us," with the words he dropped a kiss lightly upon her forehead. Have you anything to eat?" "I'm hungry."

As the little old lady bustled about she kept plying her son with questions about the matter.

"Please don't, sweetheart. I'm tired. I'll have a smoke and then go to bed. He put his hand in his vest pocket for his match and his fingers came in contact with the ring which he had mechanically dropped there when it was all over."

"Oh, by the way, mother, would you like a pretty ring? Here's one that I should like to give you. It will seal the engagement that I make to you, that no woman shall come between us; you shall always be my sweetheart, and I shall always be your sweetheart."

He slipped the ring off his finger, and with a diamond on her finger, over the ring his father had placed there some twenty-five years previous, and with a bitter laugh, he turned and went out of the room, going up over the stairs two at a time. The woman, left standing by the lamp, light, smiled contentedly up to the light, and with a lighted candle left the room, going to her room, but taking them one foot at a time.

"Why don't you get married, Henry?"

CENTRAL NEW ENGLAND'S APPLICATION DENIED

Decision of Public Service Commission Regarding Financial Organization Plan of New Haven Road.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 15.—The public service commission, second district, has denied the application of the Central New England Railway company for consent to execute a new bond issue of \$20,000,000 upon its property and for authorization to issue bonds upon the security thereof.

The application submitted was the financial organization plan of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad company for this property.

Central New England Railroad company has outstanding common stock \$4,800,000, preferred stock \$2,800,000, total \$7,600,000. Of this stock the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad company owns \$4,800,000, preferred \$2,800,000, total \$7,600,000.

The New Haven company, by reason of such stock ownership, has control of the Central New England company and has outstanding bonds of \$12,320,500. Of this indebtedness the New Haven company owns \$9,320,500, and third parties \$3,000,000.

Among such indebtedness are certain general mortgage income bonds amounting to \$7,250,000 of which the New Haven company owns \$4,800,000, and other parties \$2,450,000. These bonds have been outstanding ten years and no interest has ever been paid thereon.

Another issue of income bonds for which the Central New England company is liable and which has been outstanding since 1887 and upon which no interest has ever been paid amounts to \$1,164,500 of which the New Haven company owns \$1,164,500 and other parties \$0.

It is proposed to issue interest bearing bonds bearing 4 per cent in the place of the income bonds owned by the New Haven company, except by said company proposed not to exchange all \$10,000,000 of its income bonds for interest bearing bonds of the same amount.

Certain of the outstanding bonds which applicant desires to refund have paid interest coupons attached to them amounting to \$407,283.33. Interest on these coupons from their due date is claimed to amount to \$131,375.44. All of these bonds and attached coupons are owned by the New Haven company and the applicant asks authorization to issue its interest bearing bonds of the same amount to the amount of \$538,658.77.

The proposed mortgage while ostensibly drawn to refund all the outstanding indebtedness of the applicant is so drawn that no bonds can be issued by the trustee to refund outstanding bonds unless such outstanding bonds are presented by either the applicant or the New Haven company. This means the New Haven company only in practical effect since it wholly controls the applicant. The amount of bonds owned by others which cannot be refunded as of right issue \$2,931,376.71.

In making its decision the commission has taken the opinion written by Chairman Stevens held:

1.—That the applicant is not legally indebted for the interest upon the unpaid coupons.

2.—That no sufficient reason has been shown why unpaid interest should be refunded as a capital obligation of the applicant.

3.—That a refunded scheme which embraces the securities held by only one creditor and that creditor in control of the applicant through stock ownership cannot be approved.

4.—That under all the circumstances of the case the conversion of the income bonds held by the New Haven company into fixed rate interest bearing bonds cannot be approved.

The last paragraph of the opinion recites that the commission is willing to consider the application of the somewhat complicated financial situation of the applicant, but the one submitted possesses features so peculiar that approval cannot be extended to it.

frenzied thinking leads to almost fatal conclusions for both parties. Money makes business, but it doesn't buy freedom for him.

They say now that the Georgia legislature did its best. Perhaps that may be said of the Connecticut legislature, but this would not mean there was nothing better.

WHAT THE PAPERS SAY.

They Are Not Heroes.

Since the reason for its maintenance is the national defense, the Connecticut National guard is an important institution for the state and welfare of which many of us, perhaps, lack proper appreciation. As a matter of military fact, our state force, in common with that of the other states, is considerably inferior to the corresponding body in England, the territorial army, for which a single theatrical production of the boys of German aviation has recently aroused remarkable British enthusiasm. Toward our own citizen soldiery the prevailing American attitude is one of toleration and mild curiosity. A large percentage of the young men who form our state force are going to the front in the year of the year to a tour of military duty, which will have about it none of the display and hilarity of an earlier day, but much of the physical exhaustion, feet and general discomfort. They are not heroes, nor inspired martyrs. The actual spirit in most of them is probably the boyish desire for new sensations. Saturday night will find many of them regretful and desirous of discharge.—Waterbury American.

AN AFFRONT TO HONOR.

If the people of Connecticut will stand for this sort of "lawmaking" they deserve to be robbed. Not a single senator in the bunch will go down in his own pocket for a nickel to make a reporter a present, but he will lift \$2000 from the state treasury to make him solid with a man who should blush crimson to think of the insult—paid him for a physical and moral defeat. He probably the boyish desire for new sensations. Saturday night will find many of them regretful and desirous of discharge.—Bristol Press.

MEXICAN SECURITIES ALL RIGHT.

We advise foreign holders of Mexican securities to "sit tight" and to give no heed to sensational rumors. Mexico is not going to disappear from the map of the world, and will be found ten years hence still doing business at the old stand. Political squalls will not destroy the government and annihilate values.

The good City of Mexico, in the nearly 400 years of its municipal existence, has gone through many periods of agitation—revolutions, two foreign invasions, etc. It has seen mobs in its streets, popular risings, barricades and the like; but it has kept its municipal credit clean, and has never defaulted a dollar. So with the most ancient and

DEPICKS MEMORIAL DAY SCENE.

Darius Cobb Completes Monochrome of Painting "The Last Comrade's Final Tribute."

A monochrome in black and white of a painting to be called "The Last Comrade's Final Tribute," completed by Darius Cobb on an eight foot canvas and will be engraved.

Mr. Cobb's painting depicts a Memorial Day scene in which the last survivor of the Grand Army of the Republic is shown as placing flowers for the last time on a comrade's grave.

An apostrophe to the rural population, with thousands of comrades descending from the heavens, led by the martyred president and conquering generals, to join in the final tribute. A rainbow of peace spans the heavens.

The venerable artist, who recently celebrated his 75th birthday, himself served actively in the Civil war.—Boston Transcript.

Two Gentle Assemblages.

Two assemblages of a gentle nature will take place in Connecticut this week at Norwich. The first will meet for their national tournament, as mild an outdoor competition as could well be devised.

The outcome of the modernized game of ball and mallet is as difficult to imagine as it would be over the real thing. The annual peace meeting, so called, will occur, with Providence represented, as usual. This gathering of the faithful is not what it used to be. There is less of the pink lemonade element, less of the country picnic quality, and more of the rural population of the neighborhood; but most of many of those who now attend are genuinely devoted to the impeccable cause of peace.

Impetuously, when nation shall not rise against nation, and when swords and guns shall be beaten into pruning hooks and ploughshares.—Providence Journal.

An Opinion Lesson.

The Rev. Father Morrissey, for years in charge of a Catholic church in Highland Park, but now stationed in a parish on the West Side, told this story to a group of Glendon tour auditors, but he did not say whether it was a personal experience:

"I was once in a barber shop conducted by one of his Irish parishioners to get a shave. He observed the barber was suffering from a recent electric shock, and decided to take a chance. In a few moments the barber's razor had nicked the father's cheek."

"There, Pat, you have cut me," said the priest, as he raised his hand and caressed the wound.

"Yes, y' r' r'v'rance," answered the barber, who continued the operation.

"That shows you," continued the priest, in a tone of censure, "what the use of 'humility' will do."

The priest, who replied the barber, "humility" makes the skin tender."—Chicago Evening Post.

Just Where They Are Weak.

The sore back of John Bull is still further lacerated by the comments of H. G. Wells on his stupid backwardness in aviation. The present day English, he says, are "stupidly behaved, unenterprising men, who dominate the tailoring of the world, while Frenchmen, Americans, Germans, and Brazilians fly."

But tailoring is just where the English are weak. Mr. Wells is mistaken as to English supremacy in the sartorial art.—Springfield Republican.

Careful About Their Complexion.

Col. Cecil Lyon of Texas is making a heroic fight to have all the census supervisors in his state republicans, in spite of the president's plan to divide them equally between the two parties.

There isn't much for republicans in Texas, except the office, and the nation's census is a national art.—Springfield Republican.

FOR BABY'S SAKE

USE

Comfort

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

Then his skin will be free from itching, chafing, redness, rashes, all sores, and all other skin troubles. The original and best baby powder.

Be sure you get "COMFORT" POWDER. Buy with Baby's Head and Trained Nurse.

Free Text Books

AT THE

Norwich

Business College

AND A

Complete Course

in from 10 to 12 months.

No charge for tuition beyond that time.

Write, phone or call.

W. E. CANFIELD, Principal.

ANOTHER WONDER OF SCIENCE.

Biology has Proved that Dandruff is Caused by a Germ.

Science is doing wonders these days in medicine as well as in mechanics. Since Adam lived, the human race has been troubled with dandruff, for which no hair preparation has heretofore proved a successful cure until Newbro's Herpicide was put on the market. It is a scientific preparation that kills the germ that makes dandruff or scurf by digging into the scalp to get at the root of the hair, where it saps the vitality, causing itching scalp, falling hair, and finally baldness. With Newbro's Herpicide, dandruff grows luxuriantly. It is the only destroyer of dandruff. Sold by leading druggists. Send \$0.10 in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

TWO SIZES-50c. and \$1.00. The Lee & Osgood Co., Special Agents.

Annual census comes only once in ten years.

The Original Lid.

Of course, it was foolish to think they could pry President Taft off the tariff lid. He has had experience in all kinds of the verb "to lid."—Washington Post.

Some New England bread is still made from yeast brought over in the Mayflower.

Truth and Quality

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing. Accordingly, it is not claimed that Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is the only remedy of known value, but one of many reasons why it is the best of personal and family laxatives is the fact that it cleanses, sweetens and relieves the internal organs on which it acts without any debilitating after effects and without having to increase the quantity from time to time.

It acts pleasantly and naturally and truly as a laxative, and its component parts are known to and approved by physicians, as it is free from all objectionable substances. To get its beneficial effects always purchase the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.

Very Particular Tea Drinkers

say that our best Teas are better than that they have paid 60c per lb. for.

Our price 25c lb.

ALL VARIETIES.

No Premiums to be paid for.

United Tea Importers Co.

Franklin Square, just off light, over Somers Bros.

Arrival Extraordinary

D. R. GORDON

The World's Most Remarkable Clairvoyant and Palmist

FOR BABY'S SAKE

USE

Comfort

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

Then his skin will be free from itching, chafing, redness, rashes, all sores, and all other skin troubles. The original and best baby powder.

Be sure you get "COMFORT" POWDER. Buy with Baby's Head and Trained Nurse.

Free Text Books

AT THE

Norwich

Business College

AND A

Complete Course

in from 10 to 12 months.

No charge for tuition beyond that time.

Write